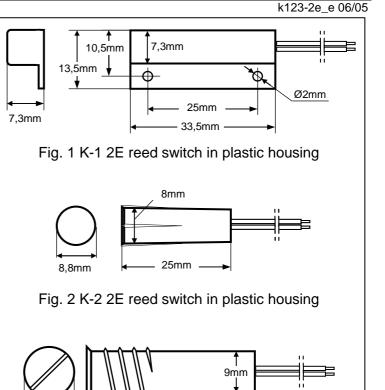
MAGNETIC CONTAKCTS with 2EOL resistor

K-1 2E, K-2 2E, K-3 2E

The magnetic contacts consist of two elements: magnetic sensor (reed switch) and magnet. The reed switch, which is situated near the magnet, makes the electric circuit. Each of the magnetic contact elements is placed in an identical watertight housing, the part with reed switch having electric leadouts (Fig. 1,2,3). Inside the housing together with the reed switch are installed two $1.1k\Omega$ resistors connected with the reed switch in 2EOL configuration (see Fig. 5). They enable the control panel to detect a tamper of the magnetic contact by monitoring the resistance changes on the zone. Each detector of this type must be connected to a separate zone of the control panel.

Individual magnetic contacts differ in the housing style and the way of mounting. The K-1 2E is designed for surface mounting and the K-2 E & K-3 2E for flush mounting.

The magnetic contacts can be used wherever required for controlling the status of doors, windows and/or other movable elements, e.g. for protection or monitoring of access to particular sites, spaces, facilities; in automatic control systems, etc.



←11mm→ Gemm → 36mm → Fig. 3 K-3 2E reed switch in metal housing

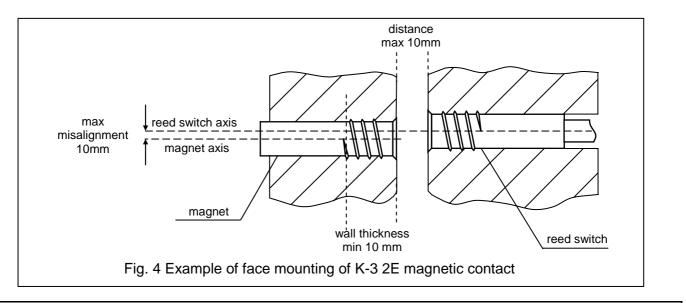
INSTALLATION – Fig. 4

The magnetic contact element containing the magnet should be mounted on the movable part, while the reed switch - on the stationary part of protected doors, windows, etc. Elements of the K-1 2E magnetic contact should be attached to the surface by means of screws, suitable glue, or a two-side self-adhesive tape. The K-2 E & K-3 2E magnetic contacts are designed for face mounting in such materials as wood or plastic (Fig. 4). The walls, the magnetic contact is to be fitted in, should be at least 10mm thick, so as to ensure adequate stability for the elements mounted. To make holes for the K-2 2E magnetic contact, use **ø8mm** drill, and for the K-3 2E magnetic contact - **ø9mm** drill. The K-2 2E is to be pressed in, while the K-3 2E, which has a thread, needs to be screwed in. The mounted magnetic contact elements can be reinforced with a suitable glue.

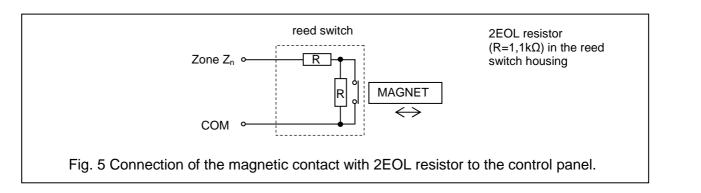
In order to ensure correct functioning of the magnetic contact, the distance between magnet and reed switch should not exceed 6mm for K-1 2E & K-2 2E, and 10mm for K-3 2E. Misalignment of the axes of magnet and reed switch in cylindrical magnetic contacts should not be greater than 6mm for K-2 2E and 10mm for K-3 2E.

Notes: You are in no case allowed to shorten (cut short) the element containing the magnet.

When screwing the K-3 2E reed switch in, the wire will get twisted; to prevent it from damage, make sure that it has a sufficient spare length, or twist it in the opposite direction before installation so that it can straighten out when mounted.



HOOKUP – Fig. 5



TECHNICAL DATA

Magnetic contact type Resistance		2x1,1kΩ
Maximum switchable voltage of reed switch Maximum switchable current Maximum continuous (non-switchable) current		500mA
Rated power		10 VA
Minimum number of switchings under load		
		2x10 ⁶ 2x10 ⁶
Contact material		

Latest EC declaration of conformity and product approval certificates can be downloaded from web site **www.satel.pl**

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